CLAIMS

1. A method for evaluating the bandwidth between a first point and a second point liable to exchange digital 5 data packets in a telecommunications network including a plurality of sub-networks, characterized in that it includes the following steps:

for each transmission direction through at least one of said sub-networks,

- a. associating a same identifier with the quasisimultaneously transmitted packets,
 - b. time-stamping and recording the received packets,
 - c. identifying and sorting the packets received with the same identifier,
- d. selecting the largest possible integral number m of groups of packets with the same identifier,
 - e. measuring the time intervals separating the instants when the packets of the selected groups are received by the second point,
- f. calculating the bandwidth according to the number of packets of the selected groups and to the total transmission time of these packets.
- 2. The method according to claim 1, characterized in that the bandwidth is calculated with the following expression:

$$\overline{BW} = \frac{1}{m} \sum_{j=1}^{m} \left[\frac{1}{n_m} \sum_{i=1}^{n_m-1} \frac{l_{i,m}}{t_{(i+1)m} - t_{i,m}} \right]$$

wherein:

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- li,m represents the length of the packet of rank i of the mth group of packets,
- ti represents the time mark of the packet of rank i of the mth group of packets,
- ti+1 represents the time mark of the packet of rank
 i+1 of mth group of packets,
- n represents the number of packets of the mth group of packets.
- 3. The method according to claim 2, characterized in that the number m is largest than or equal to 1.
- The method according to any of claims 1 to 3, characterized in that marking of the data packets is achieved
 at the transmitting point upon a request from the receiving point.
- 5. The method according to any of claims 1 to 4, characterized in that the evaluation of the bandwidth is achieved on-line.
 - 6. The method according to any of claims 1 to 4, characterized in that the evaluation of the bandwidth is achieved off-line.
 - 7. The method according to any of the preceding claims, characterized in that the telecommunications network is of the IP type.
- 8. A device for evaluating the bandwidth between a first point and a second point liable to exchange digital

data packets in a telecommunications network including a module for marking the transmitted packets and a module for analyzing the received packets, characterized in that the analysis module includes:

- means for time-stamping the received packets,
 - means for sorting the received packets,
 - means for measuring the time intervals separating the instants when the transmitted packets are received by the second point,
- means for calculating the bandwidth.
 - 9. A module for analyzing data packets received in a telecommunications network, characterized in that it includes:
- means for time-stamping the received packets,
 - means for sorting the received packets,
 - means for measuring the time intervals separating the instants when the transmitted packets are received by the second point,
- means for calculating the bandwidth.